Communicating Climate Change to Communities: A GIS-based Framework to Support Local Decision-Making

By: Kaitlyn Goode, MGIS, Penn State

Capstone Advisor: Brandi Robinson, Penn State

Agenda

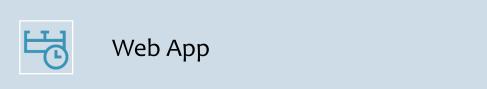


Introduction





Objectives

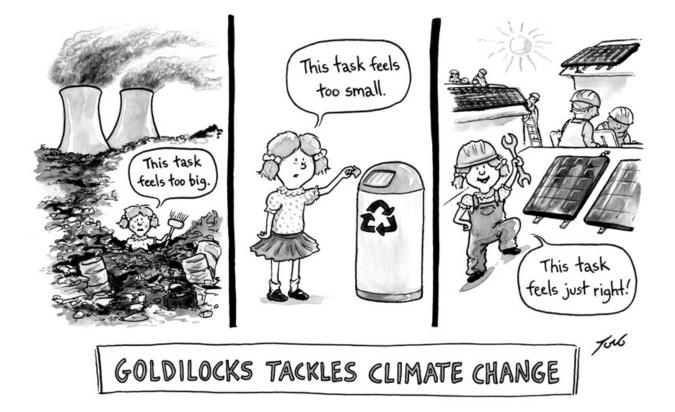




Conclusion

Introduction & Background

ROAD CLOSED



- The way we are communicating climate change is changing
- The path to climate resiliency has shifted towards local governments and communities
- Climate change resiliency in local communities lies within their ability of understanding the impacts of climate change on a local level

Supporting Local Actions

- We need to support local community driven frameworks to address and create achievable climate solutions
- Local Climate Action Plans
 - Pennsylvania has developed a Local Climate Action Plan Program
 - 53 cities, townships, boroughs, counties, and regional organizations in Pennsylvania have created their own plans

Local Climate Action Program

Having state and local governments lead by example on climate action is a key component of mitigating climate change in Pennsylvania and one of the strategies recommended in the Pennsylvania Climate Action Plan.

The DEP Local Climate Action Program provides free technical and personnel assistance to local governments that want to reduce greenhouse gas emissions and address climate change.



PA DEP (2022)

Local Climate Action Plans in Allegheny County

Municipalities in Allegheny County with Local Climate Action Plans

- <u>Carnegie</u>
- <u>City of Pittsburgh</u>
- <u>Etna</u>
- Forest Hills
- Millvale & Millvale EcoDistrict Plan
- <u>Munhall</u>

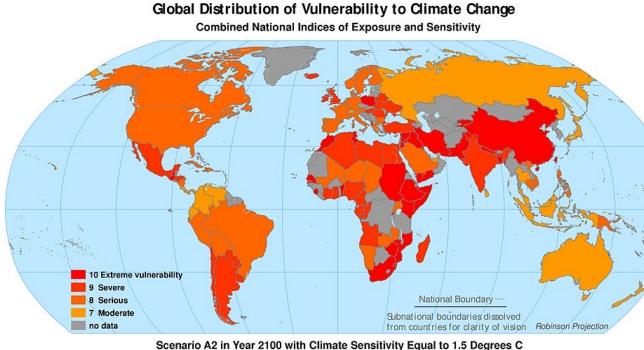
Communities in Allegheny County with Local Climate Action Plans

- University of Pittsburgh
- <u>The Congress of Neighboring Communities (CONNECT)</u> <u>Climate Action Plan</u>
- <u>The Sustainability Initiative at Carnegie Mellon University</u>

Local Plans in Allegheny County That Help Build Climate Resiliency

- Plan for a Healthier Allegheny 2023 2027
- <u>Allegheny County Sustainability Report 2022</u>

Utilizing GIS for Local Decision Making



Annual Mean Temperature with Extreme Events Calibration

http://ciesin.columbia.edu/data/climate

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- GIS is extremely helpful tool for decision making
- Due to the geographic nature of climate change, maps are an important piece of visual representations of climate change (Fish, 2020b).
- However, we need more localized community climate change maps

Communicating Climate Change with the Community in Mind

- Create personal connections to climate change through individual interests and shared values
- Storytelling is an effective medium to create personal connections
- Storytelling allows scientists to effectively communicate data using visualizations and narratives (Cote, 2021)
- Use user engagement tools to better evaluate community members and local decision makers



Project Objectives

- Address climate change data and the perception of climate data from a local community aspect.
- Investigate how climate change data is distributed, communicated, and displayed to the community using GIS tools and products.
- Conduct a risk and vulnerability assessment using ArcGIS to identify the most vulnerable communities in Allegheny County.
- Use ArcGIS Experience Builder to create a Web App to communicate findings with local decision-makers and local communities

Allegheny County Climate Impact Assessment

Building a Climate Resilient Community

Overall Climate Impact

Climate Overview ~

Impacts ~

Sustainability

Overall Climate Impact

As climate change continues to impact communities all over the world, it is vital to make smart and well informed decisions to protect communities in the future. One way to mitigate the impacts of climate change is by building climate resilient communities. The Center for Climate and Energy Solutions states, "Climate resilience is the ability to anticipate, prepare for, and respond to bazardous events, trends, or disturbances related to climate. Improving climate resilience involves assessing



- Used ArcGIS Experience Builder
- Includes interactive maps, supplemental information, and informative links to climate resiliency information
- Discusses climate impacts for air quality, land vulnerability, and social vulnerability
- Discusses sustainability initiatives already occurring in Allegheny County

Questions?

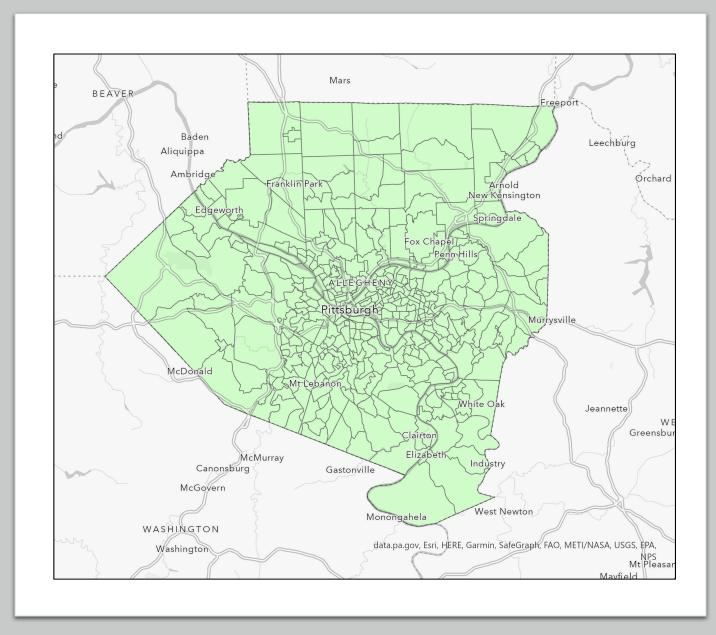
Kaitlyn Goode - kaitlyn goode Ogmail.co Brandi Robinson - bj 151 Opsu.edu Eric Raabe - er73 Opitt.edu

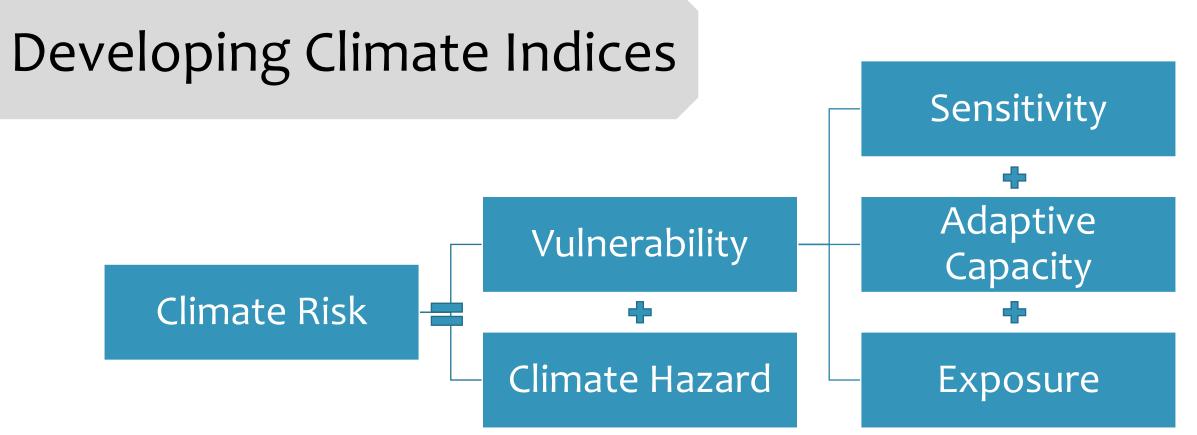
Additional Slides & Information

Methodology

Identify the Community

- Study Area: Allegheny County, Pennsylvania
- Largest City: Pittsburgh, PA
- Area: 745 sq mi (1,930 km2)
- Population: 1,250,578 (2020)
- Known for: Heavy Industry (specifically Steel), Technology, Medicine, and Home of Multiple Universities





- Need to identify:
 - Local Climate Action Goals
 - Potential Hazards & Vulnerabilities
 - Risk Areas of Concern
 - Sustainability Efforts

*Equation found via IPCC (2022) and Weis et. al (2016)

Local Climate Action Goals

Public health

- Reduction in disease and air pollutants
- Increase in Public Safety
- Trees and green infrastructure

Saving Money and Promoting Jobs

- Energy Savings
- Increase in property values by creating green spaces and energy savings
- More clean industry jobs

Enhance Resource Security

- Preserves natural spaces
- Protects our waters
- Reduces dependencies

Foster Social Equality

- Reduces energy burdens
- Expanding transit to target disconnected communities
- Changing zoning to provide greater opportunities

Identifying Potential Hazards

Areas of Concern for this Study

- Air Quality
- Flooding
- Landslide
- Heat Health
- Social Vulnerability
- Land Use

| Potential Hazard | Level of Risk* | Level of Community Concern*** |
|------------------|----------------|-------------------------------------|
| Air Quality | High | High |
| | | |
| Cold Wave | High | Medium |
| Drought** | Medium | Medium |
| Flooding | High | High |
| Heat Wave | Medium | High |
| Ice Storm | Low | Low |
| Landslide | High | High |
| Lightning | Low | Low |
| Strong Wind | Medium | Low |
| Tornado | High | Low |
| Water and | High | High |
| Stormwater | | |
| Winter Weather | Medium | Medium |

Note: *Level of Risk determined from The National Risks Index for Allegheny County

**Drought level determined from U.S. Drought Monitor

***Level of Community Concern was determined based upon Local Climate Action Plans in Allegheny County

Sustainability Assessment

- Identifies positive climate resiliency actions already being done in the community
- Identify efforts from local community's climate action plans
- We will look at positive sustainability efforts:
 - Green Infrastructure
 - Greenways
 - Community Gardens



Data Used for Maps

| Name Of Data | Source | File Format |
|--|--|-------------|
| 2020 Green House Gas Emissions from Large Facilities | EPA Flight | CSV |
| Allegheny County Census Tracts 2016 | Western PA Regional Data Center | Shapefile |
| Allegheny County Greenways | Western PA Regional Data Center | Shapefile |
| Allegheny County Land Cover Areas | <u>Western PA Regional Data Center: Allegheny County – GIS Open</u> <u>Data</u> | Shapefile |
| Allegheny County Municipal Boundaries | <u>Western PA Regional Data Center: Allegheny County – GIS Open</u> <u>Data</u> | Shapefile |
| Community Gardens | <u>Grow Pittsburgh</u> | CSV |
| Environmental Justice Areas (2015) | PA DEP GIS Portal | Shapefile |
| Green Infrastructure | <u>3 Rivers Wet Weather</u> | Shapefile |
| Heat Health Census Tracts | ArcGIS Living Atlas Created by: mgilbert_climatesolutions | Shapefile |
| Landslide Pomeroy | <u>Allegheny County - GIS Open Data</u> | Shapefile |
| National Risk Index Census Tracts | ArcGIS Living Atlas Created by: FEMA_NationalRiskIndex | Shapefile |
| Particulate Matter 2.5 (2011) | Western PA Regional Data Center | Shapefile |
| USA Flood Hazard Areas | ArcGIS Living Atlas Created by: Esri_Landscape 2 | Shapefile |

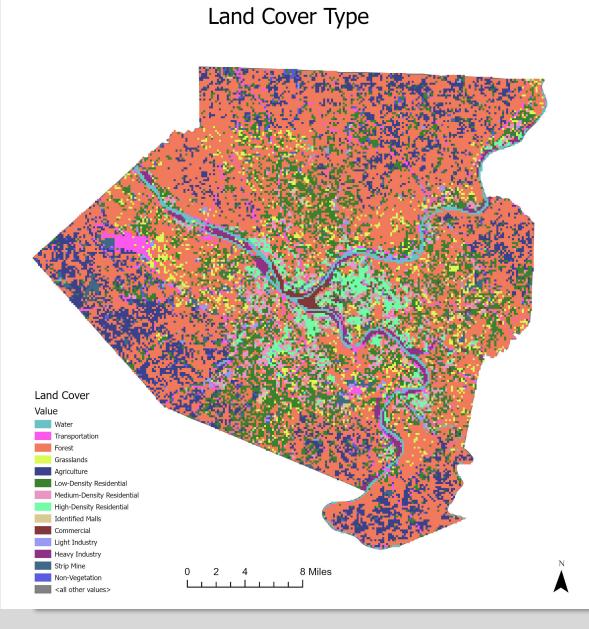
Calculating Indices

- For each climate variable, we determined the risk level on a scale from 1 (low risk) to 5 (high risk)
- Risk levels were determined based upon several factors relating to the potential hazard and previous local impacts.
- Example for Land Use:

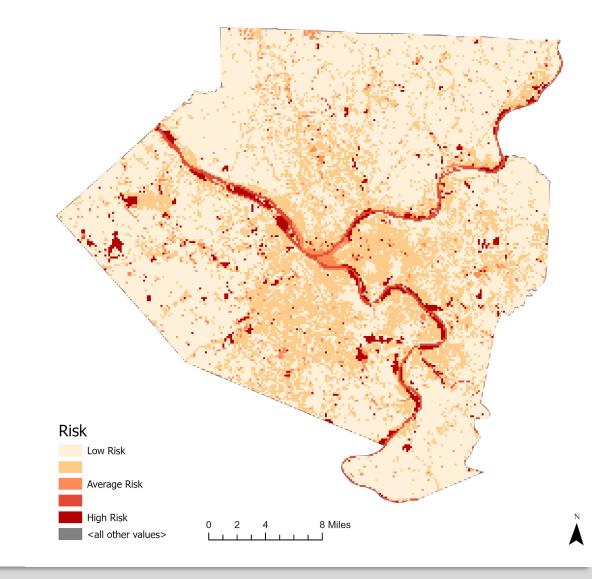
| Land Use | Risk Level |
|---------------------------------|------------|
| Water | 4 |
| Transportation | 2 |
| Forest, Grasslands, Agriculture | 1 |
| Residential | 2 |
| Commercial, Malls | 3 |
| Industrial, Strip Mine | 5 |
| Non-Vegetative | 3 |

- Reclassify each variable based upon the determined risk level
- For individual risk analysis: Use Summarize Within to find the standard deviation of the risk level.
 - The higher the standard deviation, the higher the risk.
 - The lower the standard deviation, the lower the risk.
- Once all of the variables have been individually analyzed based of risk level, then we will use map algebra or raster calculator to add all of the variables together.

| Туре | Grid Code | New Value |
|-------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Water | 1 | 4 |
| Transportation | 2 | 2 |
| Forest | 3 | 1 |
| Grasslands | 4 | 1 |
| Agriculture | 5 | 1 |
| Low-Density Residential | 6 | 2 |
| Medium-Density Residential | 7 | 2 |
| High-Density Residential | 8 | 2 |
| Identified Malls | 9 | 3 |
| Commercial | 10 | 3 |
| Light Industry | 11 | 5 |
| Heavy Industrial | 12 | 5 |
| Strip Mine | 13 | 5 |
| Non-Veg | 14 | 3 |



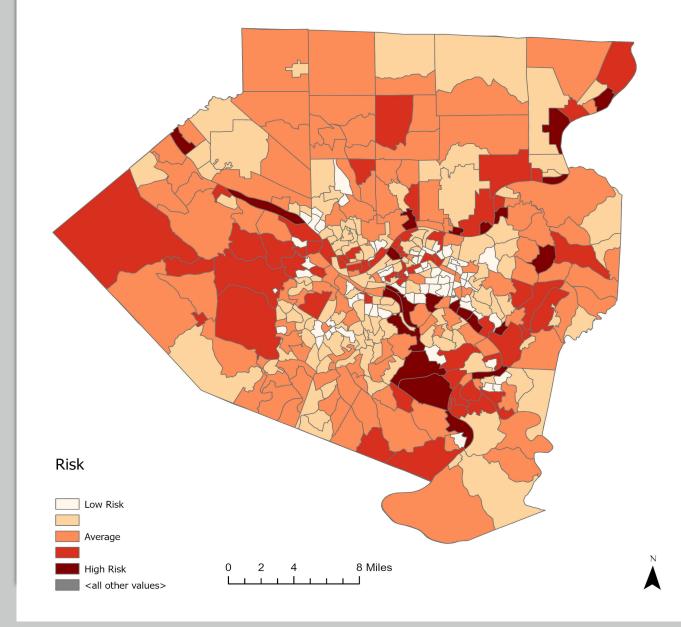
Land Use Risk - Based on Reclassifying



Results

- Individualized maps of each risk variable
- Combined map displaying the risk level from low to high for the census tracts and municipality in Allegheny County
- Most risk levels determined via standard deviation

Land Use Risk - Based on Standard Deviation



Additional Map Data

Air Quality

- Large Industrial Emitters
- Particulate Matter 2.5

Environmental Justice Areas

Sustainability

- Green Infrastructure
- Greenways
- Community Gardens



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