Location-Based Analysis for Recruitment of United States Border Patrol Agents

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Background Information

Executive Order 13767 on January 25th, 2017

 Need to hire 5,000 additional U.S. Border Patrol Agents

Historical difficulty hiring Agents

>10% loss in Southwest Agents 2011-2017



Data

Results

ArcPv

Need to strategically recruit a large amount of skilled employees (United States Border Patrol Agents) to hard to fill positions in undesirable locations.

Data

ArcPy



Analysis answering two questions

1. Which Border Patrol Sectors have the greatest recruitment support need?

2. Which areas outside of these Border Patrol Sectors can additional recruiting focus on?

Factors Affecting Recruitment





Labor Pool & Migration Factors

- Total Population
- Age
- Unemployment Rate
- Salary
- Community Size & Demography
- Distance from Community of Origin
- Previous Migration/Social Ties

Background

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Data

Methodology

Methodology: Sector Profiles

Sector Information

Workload

• Agent Count

- Agent Turnover
- Station Count

• Border crossing locations

- Apprehensions per agent
- Border entries per agent

• Percent of stations in Labor Pool

nonmetropolitan areas

Data

Population of labor pools

DECISION:

Which sectors are most in need of additional recruitment assistance

ArcPy

Methodology: Labor Pool Analysis





Background

Problem & Goal

> Methodology

Data

Results

Results: Labor Pool Analysis



Border Patrol Potential Labor Pool Hot and Cold Clusters Using Getis-Ord Gi* Statistic



Background

Problem & Goal

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Data

Methodology

Results

Value to Human Resources Field:

- Previously minimal demographic or location-based research performed
- Model for focused recruitment of hard to fill positions that can be used in other similar scenarios



Need:

- Join a large amount of Census CSV files to a feature class to visualize factors within
- Tell which areas are within a desired distance of the border between the United States and Mexico
- Easily allow for changes needed as data is researched

Python:

- Automate Repetitive Tasks
- Changeable Parameters
- Ease of Use with ArcGIS Script Tool
- Sharable

Data

Methodology



<pre>import arcpy</pre>	arcpy and csv modules for use in script Import Modules
	eOutput to true, so that files can be overwritten if an error happens rwriteOutput = True
	nput and output parameters

Data

```
inputTablesFolder = arcpy.GetParameterAsText(0)
inputJoinShapefile = arcpy.GetParameterAsText(1)
inputBufferShapefile = arcpy.GetParameterAsText(2)
inputBufferDistance = arcpy.GetParameterAsText(3)
outputFolder = arcpy.GetParameterAsText(4)
```

```
#Start try statement for bulk of script
try:
```

```
#Check if this geodatabase already exists in the output folder
#Create name and location to check for geodatabase
outputGDBCheck = os.path.join(outputFolder,"Output GDB.gdb")
#Start if statement, if geodatabase exists, set ouput geodatabase path
if arcpy.Exists(outputGDBCheck):
   arcpy.AddMessage("FileGDB Already Exists")
   outputGDB = outputGDBCheck
                                                                                         Check for / Create
#If the output file geodatabase does not already exist in the output folder, create it
                                                                                         Geodatabase
else:
    #Create file geodatabase to output new shapefiles into
    outputGDB = arcpy.CreateFileGDB management(outputFolder, "Output GDB")
```

ArcPy

Input Parameters (script tool)





#Sets workspace for the arcpy.ListFiles() function arcpy.env.workspace = inputTablesFolder #Lists all files from input folder that end in ".csv" csvList = arcpy.ListFiles("*.csv")

#Start for loop for csv files
for table in csvList:

#Create output feature layer name from csv name
fcName = table.replace(".csv", "")

#Make layer from input shapefile to allow for select layer by location later in script arcpy.MakeFeatureLayer_management(inputJoinShapefile,fcName) Create New Field

#Create buffer distance name
#This removes all spaces from the buffer distance string
fieldNameString = inputBufferDistance.replace(" ", "_")
#Length of field name is kept to 10 characters with 'bf_' and the first 7 characters of the buffer distance
fieldName = "bf_" + fieldNameString[:6]
#Adds field
arcpy.AddField management(fcName, fieldName, "TEXT")





#Clear selected features before join to csv, so that all features are joined, not just selected features arcpy.SelectLayerByAttribute management(fcName, "CLEAR SELECTION") #Join csv to new feature layer based on the GEOID2 field in each arcpy.AddJoin_management(fcName, "GEOID2", table, "GEOID2") Join CSV to feature class #Create shapefile from layer and joined table #Set name of output shapefile lyrName = fcName lyrName2 = lyrName + " fc" #Create path for output shapefile outPath = str(outputGDB) fcPath = os.path.join(outPath,lyrName2) #Create shapefile

arcpy.CopyFeatures_management(lyrName, fcPath) Create feature class

```
arcpy.AddMessage(arcpy.GetMessages())
```





Python Script Tool

- Use script in other projects
- Rework process
- Change input files
- Change buffer distance

3	Join and Buffer		×
 Input Tables Folder Input Join Feature Class Input Buffer Feature Class Input Buffer Distance Miles Output Geodatabase Folder 		Join and Buffer This script takes in a folder of csv census files, an associated feature class, and an input buffer file. It then joins the feature class and csv census files. This creates a new feature class out of each csv census file. It also adds a field specifying if record is within a specified distance of the buffer feature. These feature class are added to an output geodatabase.	<
	~		\sim
OK Cancel Environments	<< Hide Help	Tool Help	

Data

> Methodology

ArcPy

Thank You

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