INTEGRATING AMI WITH GIS FOR ELECTRIC DISTRIBUTION TRANSFORMER LOAD MANAGEMENT

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Pennsylvania State University



Local Government GIS | 10 years *Electric Utility GIS* | 5 years



Traveling | Anywhere & Everywhere Florida Activities | Camping, Hiking, All The Water Things



Education

BS | Wildlife Ecology and Conservation MS | Organismal Biology

Certificate | Geographic Information Systems Certificate | Geospatial Programming and Web Map Development



Family

Moxie | Rescue Doberman Corwin | Leopard Gecko Bryan | Husband Extraordinaire

Sue Ann Panton GIS Analyst | Kissimmee Utility Authority



AGENDA

BACKGROUND

OBJECTIVES

STUDY AREA

WORKFLOW

ANTICIPATED RESULTS and DELIVERABLES

PROJECT TIMELINE

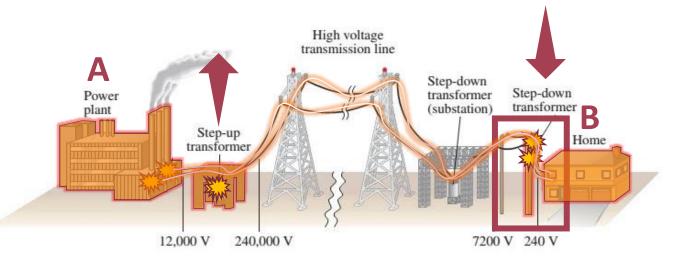


STEP-UP TRANSFORMER

Increase voltage and reduce current

STEP-DOWN TRANSFORMER

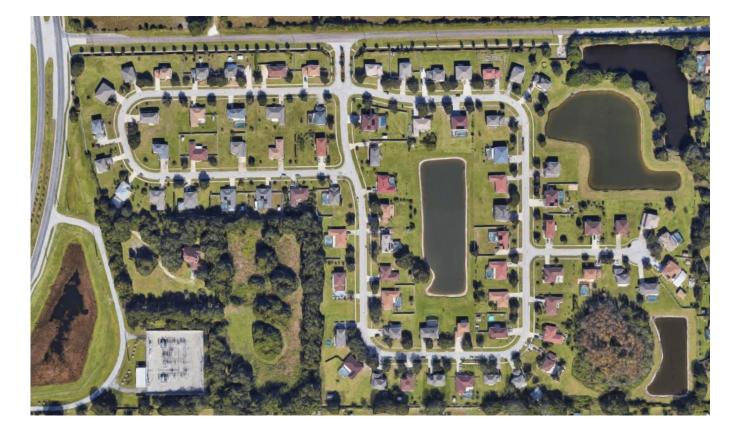
Reduces voltage before reaching end-user



Source : https://www.servostabilizer.org.in/what-is-step-down-transformer/

transformer load analysis

Analyze transformer consumption data against transformer capacity





OVERSIZED TRANSFORMER

• Excess fuel costs to the utility = \$\$



UNDERSIZED TRANSFORMER

- Life of the transformer is reduced
- Causes system outages
- Requires replacement = \$\$\$\$



electric meters

ANALOG ELECTRICITY ------ SMART METER METER

Energy consumption is collected manually on a monthly basis by a meter reader.

Utility can read, start, and stop services remotely.

Advanced Metering Infrastructure (AMI)



Smart meters record and transmit energy consumption to the utility throughout the day via a secure wireless network



Technology Limitations Stated in Literature	Work
Cost of software and other components, requires investment in hardware and IT equipment	Ashkezari, et al. (2018)
Requires frequent data collection resulting in protocol errors and bandwidth constraints	Balakrishna & Swarup (2020)
Consolidation of big data was a time-consuming task	Guerrero-Prado, et al. (2020)
Large volumes of data lead to increased potential of data errors and confusion	Lo, Huang & Lu (2014)
Requires robust methods for managing big data and quality models	Peppanen, et al. (2015)
Big Data challenge is efficiently managing data flows	Peppanen, et al. (2016)
Hardware and software limitations exist; storing and managing data	Triplett, Rinell & Foote (2010)

Table 1. Technologies and their limitations used to incorporate Advanced Metering Infrastructure (AMI)data within a GIS.



OBJECTIVES

comparative analysis

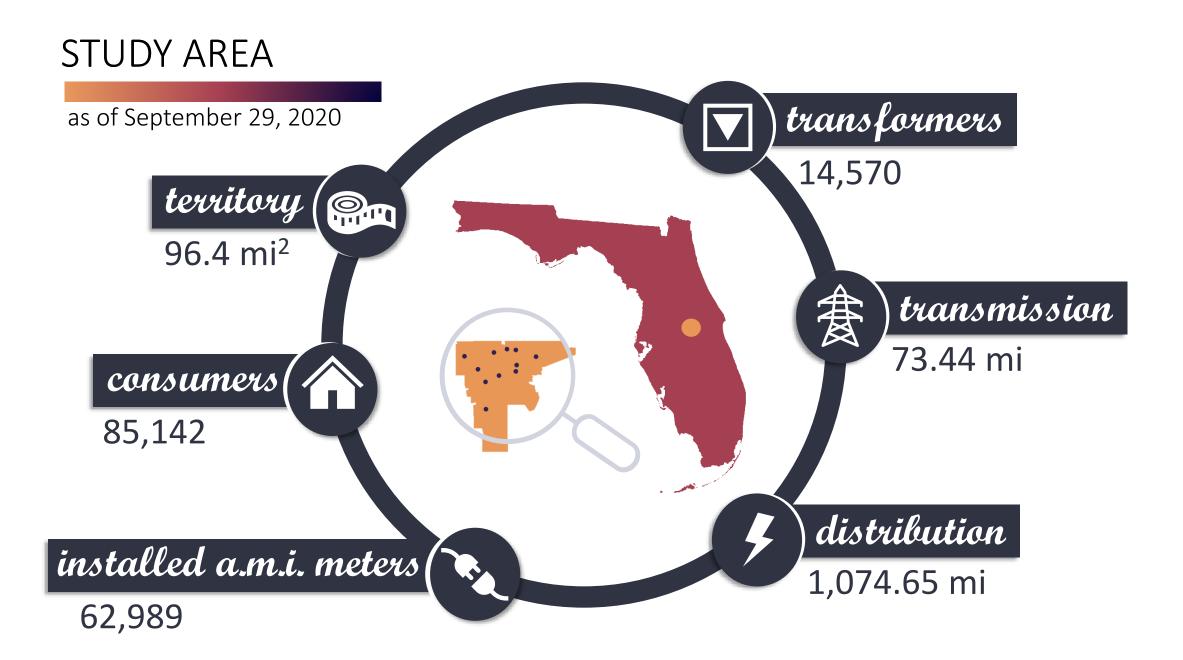
Determine if distribution engineering design standards used are still valid based on actual customer usage within areas of single-family residence.

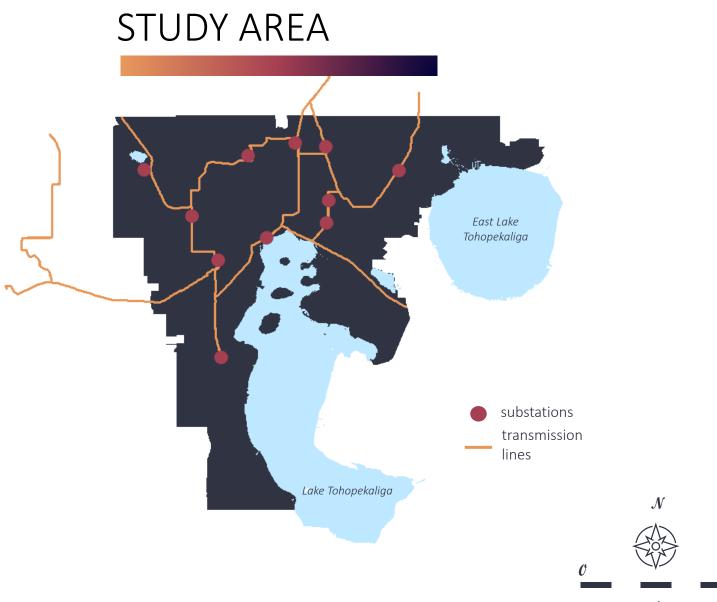
spatial analysis

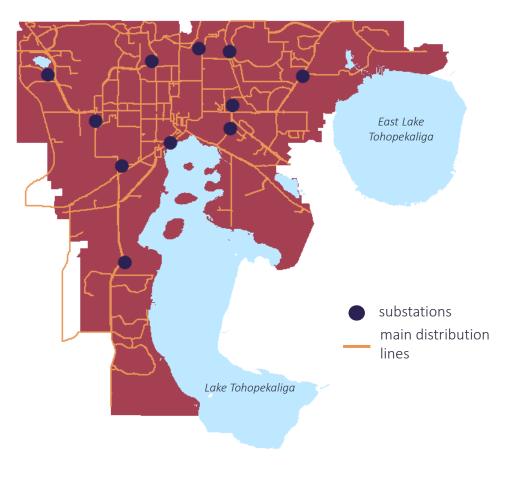
Improve criteria used when placing an appropriately sized transformer.

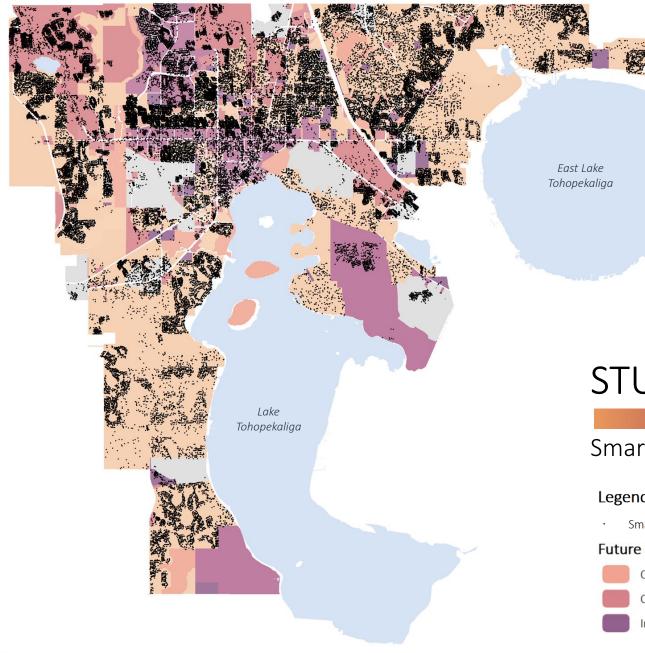
custom application

Aid our engineers in identifying areas which may require electric reconstruction to avoid future power-related issues.









STUDY AREA

Smart Meters Overlaid on Future Land Use

Legend

Smart Meter Installed

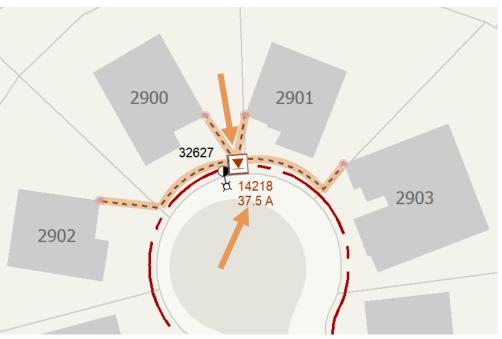
Future Land Use

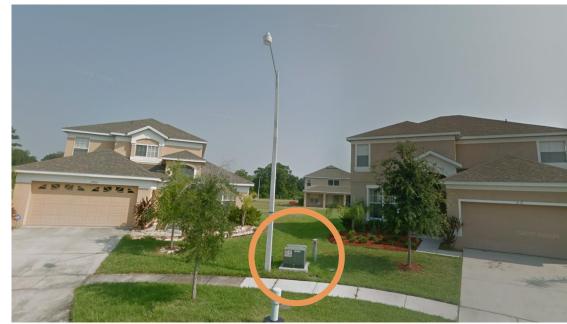




CURRENT SYSTEM

GIS



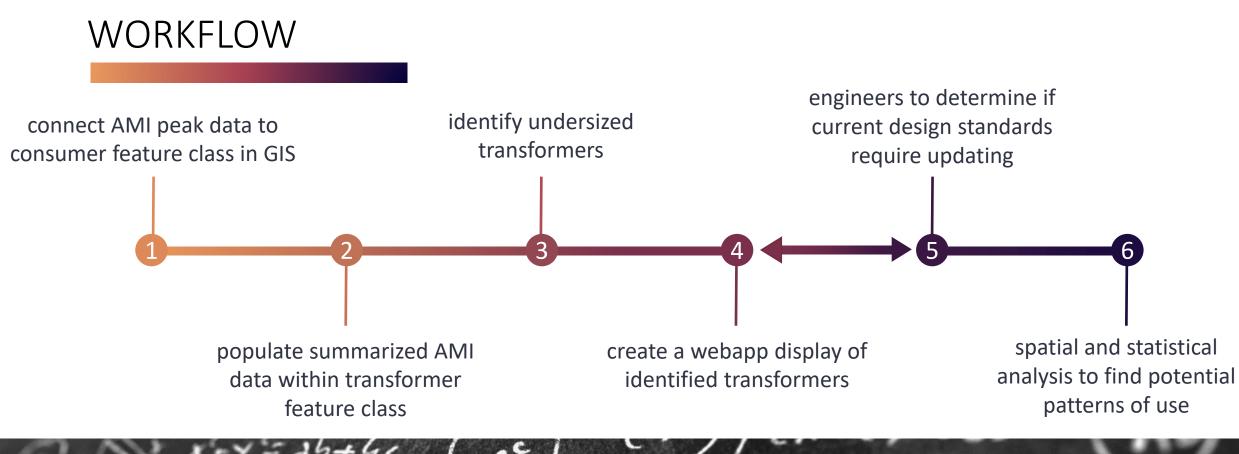


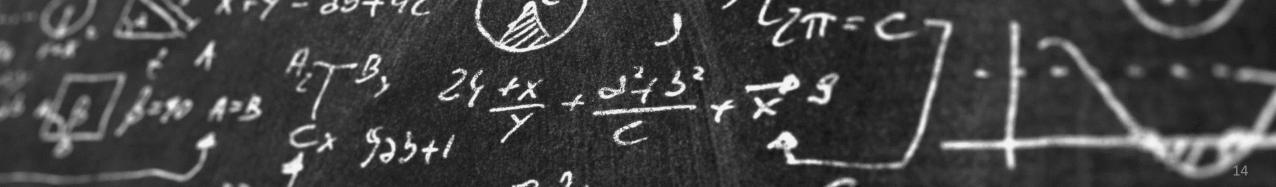


CURRENT SYSTEM

CIS (Customer Information & Billing Software)

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			1111			-				111 11 11		-	
Customer	Meter Reading etters Inquiries Service Address	Contacts Notes C Customer/A	Calendar I	Emails At	pplier tachments <u>A</u> ddresses	Loans/POS Service <u>O</u> rd <u>T</u> ransaction		Capital Credit Contribution ding History	Members Contact Sumr R Bills	·	olid Waste onservation Move <u>I</u> n/C	Spreadshee Line Extensio Dut PAP/A	ons
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Electric Electric	10/31/2020 9/30/2020			Actual Read Actual Read		1149.00	1268.00		0.0000000	30	80.00		
-		Ele	lectric					1.0000000				KWH	
Electric	9/30/2020	Ele	ectric ectric	Actual Read		1149.00	1229.00	1.0000000 1.0000000	0.0000000	30	80.00	кwн кwн	
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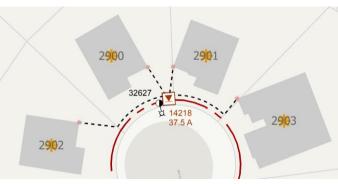


WORKFLOW

connect AMI peak data to consumer feature class in GIS

H|4324|1.0.0

D 0149925402 123462760A 0.8.15.6.1.1.8.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.3.38.0 3.0.0 20200921062100 127.99 D|0149925402|123462760A|0.0.0.1.1.1.12.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.3.72.0|3.0.0|20200924000000|249708| D 0149925402 123462760A 0.0.0.1.19.1.12.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.3.72.0 3.0.0 20200924000000 162163 $\mathsf{D}[0149925403] 123461310 \mathsf{A}[0.8.15.6.1.1.8.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.3.38.0] 3.0.0] 20200919153700] 35.77]$ Join MDMS extract data to Consumer



Populate data from joined Consumer into Service Points

Attributes	Ψ×
🖃 🚸 Service Point	
- Standard Serv	vice Point
😑 🚸 Consume	r
÷ © 24650	0
÷- © 246520	0
-	2407
Object ID	23305
SubtypeCD	Electric Account
Account Number	246500
Service Point Object II	332
Full Account Number	000246500
Full Address	<null></null>
Phase Designation	<null></null>
ServicePoint_GlobalID	{3A021AFB-FB10-4B3B-E
Generation_GlobalID	<null></null>
CON NUMBER	246500

Consumer to Service Point relationship

Copy Linked Record

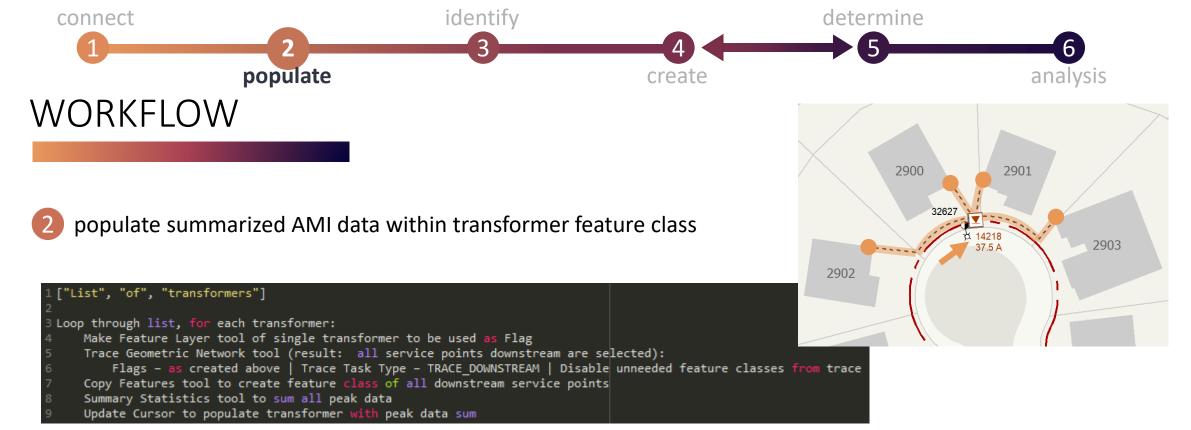
Updates an attribute of a feature with a value from a related table.

To configure this method, populate the following in the DynamicValue table:

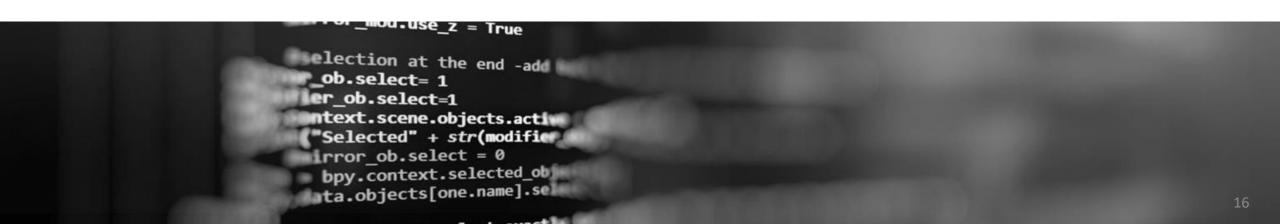
Table Name	Field Name	Value Method	Value Info
Feature class to which value will be copied to from the source or related table	Field to store the copied value	COPY_LINKED_RECORD	Source Source Field Primary Key Foreign Key

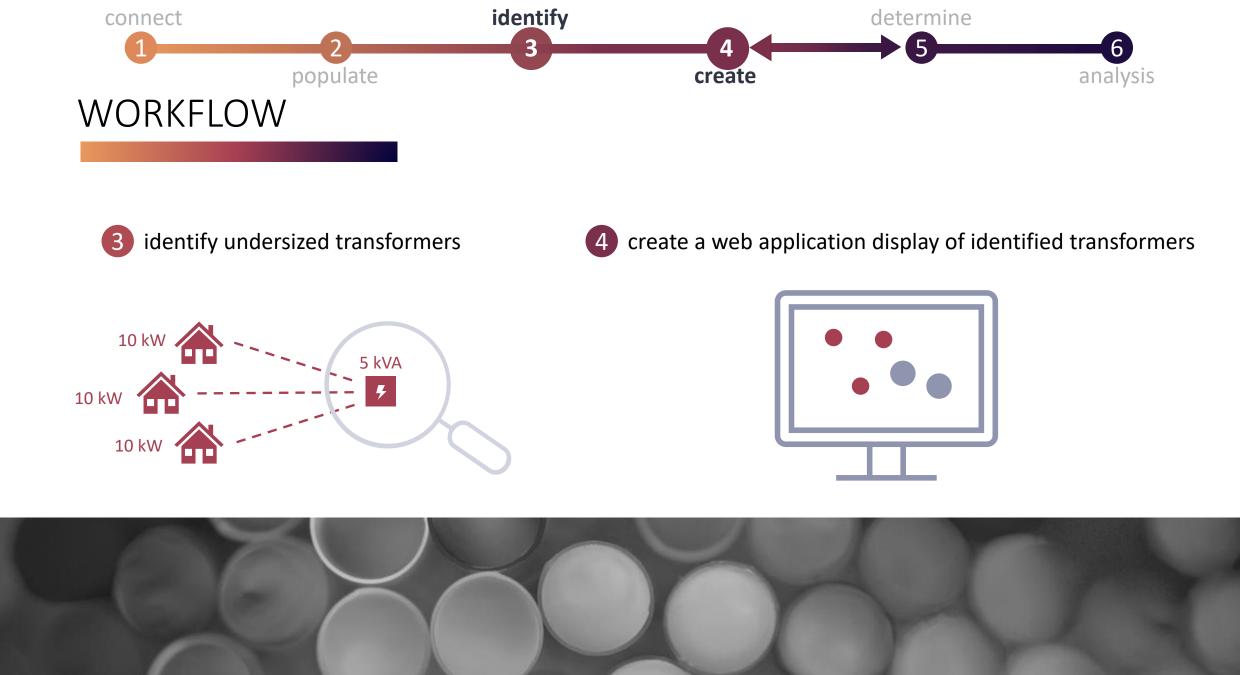
Attribute Assistant's Copy Linked Record function

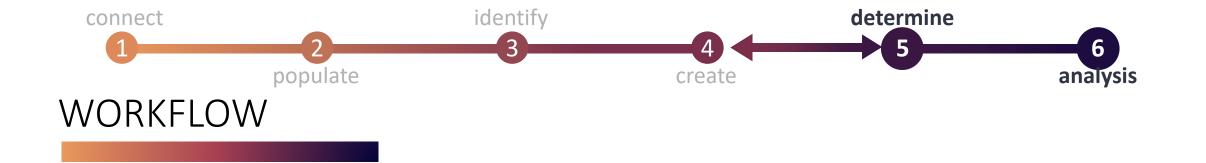




Pseudocode to populate peak data within transformer feature class



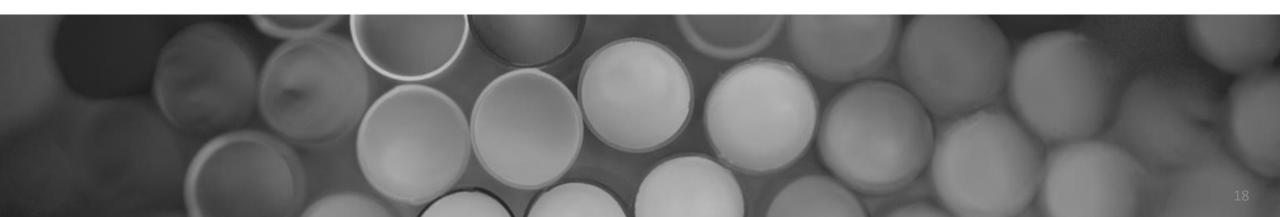




6 engineers to determine if current design standards require updating

6 spatial and statistical analysis to find pattern

- Kernel Density Estimation
- Distance Based Analysis with Monte Carlo Assessment
 - Regression Analysis
 - Chi-Square Test





WORKFLOW - DATA SETS

MDMS EXTRACT FILE

CONSUMER

TRANSFORMER

MISCELLANEOUS ELECTRIC DATASETS

ADDITIONAL DATASETS





ANTICIPATED RESULTS and DELIVERABLES

spatial & statistical analysis

Reveal patterns through exploratory analysis which will further improve criteria currently used when placing an appropriately sized transformer.

Kernel Density Estimation

Distance Based Analysis with Monte Carlo Assessment

Regression Analysis

Chi-Square Test







Equation





ANTICIPATED RESULTS and DELIVERABLES

web application

- Color-coded (Table 2) thematic map
- Show patterns of peak use
 - Identify transformers that are at high risk of power-related failure
 - Pinpoint areas requiring reconstruction

Color	Percentage Loading	Representation
Green	< 80%	Safe operation
Yellow	80% - 90%	Heavily loading operation
Orange	90% - 95%	Noticing operation
Red	95% - 100%	Warning operation
Black	> 100%	Overloading operation

Table 2. Symbology established by Su et al. (2017) for symbolizationof distribution transformer operation conditions.

PROJECT TIMELINE

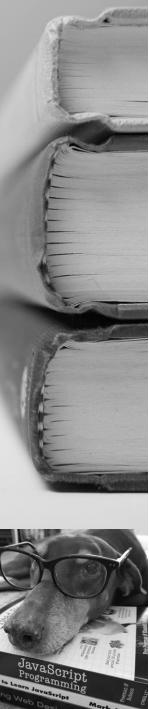
PHASE 1	PHASE 2	PHASE 3	PHASE 4
JANUARY 2021	MARCH 2021	MAY 2021	JULY 2021
COMPILE & PREPARE DATA	ANALYZE DATA	BUILD APPLICATION & DEVELOP FINAL PROJECT	PRESENTATION 2021 ESRI UC





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QUESTIONS

SUE ANN PANTON



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THANK YOU